

# MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

## نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information			
معلومات المادة الدراسية			
Module Title	<b>Fundamentals of Thermodynamics</b>		Module Delivery
Module Type	C		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Theory <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lecture <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lab <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tutorial <input type="checkbox"/> Practical <input type="checkbox"/> Seminar
Module Code	<b>ATU12024</b>		
ECTS Credits	6		
SWL (hr/sem)	<b>150</b>		
Module Level	1	Semester of Delivery	
Administering Department	ATU12	College	PMETC
Module Leader			e-mail
Module Leader's Acad. Title	Professor	Module Leader's Qualification	Ph.D.
Module Tutor			e-mail
Peer Reviewer Name	Name	e-mail	E-mail
Scientific Committee Approval Date	01/06/2023	Version Number	1.0

Relation with other Modules			
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	None	Semester	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester	

## Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents

### أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية

<p><b>Module Objectives</b></p> <p>أهداف المادة الدراسية</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Basic terms and definitions: energy, thermodynamic system, properties, state and thermodynamic equilibrium. Units. The zeroth law of thermodynamics</li> <li>2. Microscopic forms of energy. The basic axiom of thermodynamics. Work and heat, moving boundary work. The first law of thermodynamics for closed systems</li> <li>3. Specific heat, enthalpy, ideal gas equation of state, characteristic thermodynamic processes</li> <li>4. The first law of thermodynamics for open systems (control volume). The concept of entropy, causes of entropy change, reversible and irreversible processes, entropy as a function of the state.</li> <li>5. The second law of thermodynamics. Examples of thermodynamic cycles: gas power cycles, refrigeration and heat pump cycles.</li> <li>6. Phases of a pure substance, saturated liquid, saturated liquid-vapor mixture, critical parameters, triple point, property diagrams for phase-change processes, properties of gas and two-phase mixtures.</li> <li>7. Unconventional sources of energy</li> </ol>
<p><b>Module Learning Outcomes</b></p> <p>مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. On completion of the course, students will have basic knowledge on energy, thermodynamic system and thermodynamic parameters, thermodynamic equilibrium, work and heat as methods of energy transport between systems</li> <li>2. A student will have skills concerning basic laws of physics relating to thermodynamics and the laws of thermodynamics for closed and open systems.</li> <li>3. A student will have a fundamental knowledge of the ideal gas equation, polytropic processes and characteristic processes.</li> <li>4. A student will have the skills to utilize the procedures for energy balancing and methods of energy transport between systems.</li> <li>5. A student will be able to utilize mathematical tools to solve problems related to the principles of thermodynamics. A student can interpret the obtained results.</li> <li>6. A student will have the skills to computations in the field of typical issues of heating of a system by work transfer or by heat transfer</li> <li>7. A student will have learning skills to utilize the ideal gas equation</li> <li>8. A student will be able to present graphs of thermodynamic processes</li> <li>9. A student will be aware of the method of generating energy and the operation of energy devices (heat engines, etc.) on the natural environment.</li> <li>10. A student will be able to work in a team during measurements and to analyse the results; a student will be aware of the importance of knowledge concerning the principles of teamwork</li> </ol>
<p><b>Indicative Contents</b></p> <p>المحتويات الإرشادية</p>	<p>1. Basic terms and definitions: energy, thermodynamic system, properties, state and thermodynamic equilibrium. Units. The zeroth law of thermodynamics. 2. Microscopic forms of energy. The basic axiom of thermodynamics. Work and heat, moving boundary work. The first law of thermodynamics for closed systems. 3. Specific heat, enthalpy, ideal gas equation of state, characteristic thermodynamic processes. 4. The first law of thermodynamics for open systems (control volume). The concept of entropy, causes of entropy change,</p>

	reversible and irreversible processes, entropy as a function of the state. 5. The second law of thermodynamics. Examples of thermodynamic cycles: gas power cycles, refrigeration and heat pump cycles. 6. Phases of a pure substance, saturated liquid, saturated liquid-vapor mixture, critical parameters, triple point, property diagrams for phase-change processes, properties of gas and two-phase mixtures.
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### Learning and Teaching Strategies

#### استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم

<b>Strategies</b>	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials and by considering types of simple experiments involving some sampling activities that are interesting to the students.
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### Student Workload (SWL)

#### الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا

<b>Structured SWL (h/sem)</b> الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	78	<b>Structured SWL (h/w)</b> الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	7
<b>Unstructured SWL (h/sem)</b> الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	72	<b>Unstructured SWL (h/w)</b> الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	
<b>Total SWL (h/sem)</b> الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	<b>150</b>		

### Module Evaluation

#### تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
<b>Formative assessment</b>	<b>Quizzes</b>	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
	<b>Assignments</b>	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
	<b>Projects / Lab.</b>	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	<b>Report</b>	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
<b>Summative assessment</b>	<b>Midterm Exam</b>	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
	<b>Final Exam</b>	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
<b>Total assessment</b>			100% (100 Marks)		

<b>Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)</b> المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري	
	<b>Material Covered</b>
<b>Week 1</b>	<b>Introduction</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Introduction to Thermodynamics</li> <li>- Thermodynamics System</li> <li>- Dimensions, Units &amp; symbols , units system</li> </ul>
<b>Week 2</b>	<b>Properties of System</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Thermodynamic Process</li> <li>- Intensive &amp; extensive Variables</li> <li>- Specific Value, Mole</li> </ul> Independent & dependent properties
<b>Week 3</b>	<b>Thermal Equilibrium, Temperature</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Thermal &amp; thermodynamic equilibrium</li> <li>- Zero Law</li> <li>- Thermometers</li> </ul> Temperature Scale
<b>Week 4</b>	<b>Energy</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Types and source of energy</li> <li>- Kinetic &amp; potential energy</li> </ul> The conservation of energy, use
<b>Week 5</b>	<b>Kinetic Theory of Gases</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Molecular Motion of Gases</li> <li>- Internal Energy, joule's law</li> </ul> Molecular Energy
<b>Week 6</b>	<b>Heat</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Specific Heat</li> </ul> $\square$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Relation between <math>(q, Q, Q)</math></li> <li>- Sensible &amp; Latent Heat</li> </ul> Joule's Equivalent
<b>Week 7</b>	<b>Work</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Displacement Work</li> <li>- Work &amp; (p-v) Diagram</li> <li>- State &amp; Path Function</li> <li>- Electrical Work</li> </ul> Relation Between (Q, W)
<b>Week 8</b>	<b>Ideal (Perfect) Gas</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Actual &amp; Ideal Gas</li> </ul> Boyle's & Charles Law

	- Equation of Ideal Gas Absolute Scale
<b>Week 9</b>	<b>Enthalpy</b> - Enthalpy Joule's Experiment
<b>Week 10</b>	<b>The First Law of Thermodynamic</b> - Joule's Law of Internal Energy - The First Law Statements Energy Equation
<b>Week 11</b>	<b>Application of the First Law on the Closed Systems</b> - Constant Volume Process - Constant Pressure Process Constant Temperature Process  - Adiabatic Process Polytrophic Process
<b>Week 12</b>	<b>Open systems</b> - Motion of Fluid - Steady & none Steady Flow - Flow, Shaft Work - Energy Equation
<b>Week 13</b>	<b>Application of steady flow Energy Eq.</b> - Boiler & Condenser Compressor & Turbine - Nozzle & throttling Heat Exchanger
<b>Week 14</b>	<b>The Second Law of Thermodynamics</b> - Friction Reversible & Irreversible Process
<b>Week 15</b>	- Heat Engine - Reversed Heat Engine - Engine Thermal Efficiency Coefficient of Performance
<b>Week 16</b>	<b>Preparatory week before the final Exam</b>

<b>Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)</b> المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر	
	<b>Material Covered</b>
<b>Week 1</b>	
<b>Week 2</b>	
<b>Week 3</b>	

Week 4	
Week 5	
Week 6	
Week 7	

### Learning and Teaching Resources

مصادر التعلم والتدريس

	Text	Available in the Library?
Required Texts	Headway book for learning English	Yes
Recommended Texts	Skills in writing and Learning English	Yes
Websites	<a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/">https://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/</a>	

### Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
Success Group (50 - 100)	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group (0 – 49)	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

**Note:** Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.